

# Overview on Fire Safety Conditions for Compliance in Using Portable Stoves

## Fire Safety Conditions for Conducting Temporary or Occasional Hot Pot / Food Warming / Flambéing in Seating Accommodation (Excluding Outside Seating Accommodation) of General Restaurants / Factory Canteens Using Portable Stoves

If temporary or occasional hot pot business / food warming / flambéing activities are conducted in the seating accommodation (excluding outside seating accommodation) of the premises, portable stoves using electricity / specified fuels listed in **Appendix** / liquefied petroleum gas (LPG) cartridges shall be used, and the licensee shall observe the conditions set out below and advice given by relevant departments:

### A Stoves to be used are Portable Electric Cookers, LPG Cassette Cookers and Stoves using Specified Fuels

1. Clear passageway(s) between exits of the premises shall be maintained for rapid evacuation of the occupants of the premises.
2. Stoves shall be of such a design that the whole set-up will not be overturned when temporary or occasional hot pot / food warming / flambéing is in progress.

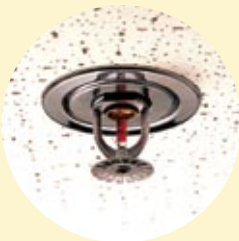


### B Stoves to be used are LPG Cassette Cookers and Stoves using Specified Fuels

1. Two or more exits shall be provided at the seating accommodation of the premises.
2. No lighted stoves are allowed to be carried around in the seating accommodation.

### C Stoves to be used are LPG Cassette Cookers

1. Portable stoves using LPG cartridges shall only be used in the seating accommodation of general restaurants/



- factory canteens installed with an automatic sprinkler system.
2. When LPG cassette cookers are used, portable type 2.5 kg dry powder fire extinguisher(s) (FE) shall be provided at prominent locations in the seating accommodation of a sprinklered premises for ready use in the following scale:
  - (a) one FE per area of 100 m<sup>2</sup>; and
  - (b) one additional FE for each VIP/partitioned room.
3. LPG shall not be used in the seating accommodation on the basement storey *Note 1*.



### D Stoves using Specified Fuels listed in Appendix

1. When the specified fuels are used in portable stoves, portable type 2.5kg dry powder fire extinguisher(s) (FE) shall be provided at prominent locations in the seating accommodation for ready use in the following scale:
  - (a) one FE per area of 100 m<sup>2</sup> for sprinklered premises;
  - (b) one FE per area of 50 m<sup>2</sup> for non-sprinklered premises; and
  - (c) one additional FE for each VIP/partitioned room.
2. No fuels other than the specified types shall be used for portable stoves in the seating accommodation of the premises. The fuel shall be properly labelled and stored away from heat and ignition source.
3. Stoves shall be safely placed on dining tables / counters while fuel container (may be in the form of canned fuel) shall be placed safely in the right place of the stoves.

4. Base plates of the stoves for placement of the fuel containers shall be constructed of non-combustible material.
5. Ignition of fuel and replacement of fuel containers / LPG cartridges shall be conducted by trained staff of the general restaurant/factory canteen only. Ignition process shall be conducted only when stoves are safely placed on dining tables/counters and the fuel containers are properly installed. Suitable tools shall be used for the ignition.
6. Flames of the stoves must be extinguished before fuel containers are removed from the stoves for replacement, refill or disposal. The stoves shall be appropriately cooled down before the fuel containers are replaced.
7. The replaced fuel containers must be thoroughly cooled down inside a non-combustible container before disposal. They shall be properly sealed before disposal to avoid any leakage of residual fuel.



*Note 1 : "Basement storeys" means any storey of a building below the ground storey and from which all required exit routes are in an upward direction to the ground storey*

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Conditions for Using Portable Stoves with Specified Fuels in Conducting Temporary or Occasional Hot Pot / Food Warming / Flambeing in Seating Accommodation (Excluding Outside Seating Accommodation) of General Restaurants / Factory Canteens

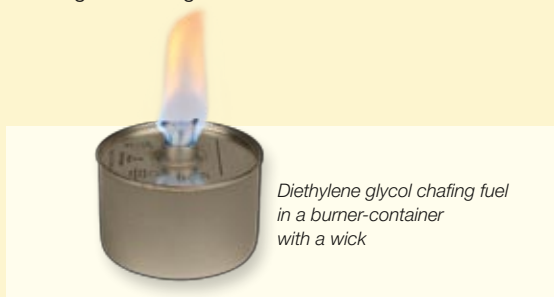
### Appendix

#### The Fuel

- 1 Only gelled methanol (also known as methyl alcohol) or gelled ethanol (also known as ethyl alcohol) manufactured and packed for the purpose of food warming or cooking shall be used.



- 2 For liquid fuel, only diethylene glycol (also known as DEG) manufactured and packed for the purpose of food warming or cooking shall be used.



- 3 For any new type of fuel that may emerge on the market, the supplier or licensee / operator of the restaurant should submit sufficient fuel samples together with the Material Safety Data Sheet to the Policy Division of the Licensing & Certification Command, Fire Services Department, for approval.

#### The Burner-Container

- 4 Must be non-combustible and preferably with a movable lid to control the size of the flame.
- 5 Must be non-pressurized.
- 6 For liquid fuel, the combined burner-container must be of a sealed type with protruding wick(s) to provide the flame; and the burner-container must be seamless to prevent splitting of the container and spilling of fuel.



#### Fire Safety Advice

- 7 For the abovementioned liquid fuel-diethylene glycol, no storage above exempted quantity i.e. 2,500 Litres is allowed, or a Dangerous Goods Licence is required.
- 8 The chafing fuel should be kept in a cool place, away from heat source or open flame.

For enquiries, please contact the following Fire Protection Regional Offices during office hours:

Offices	Telephone
Hong Kong Regional Office	2549 8104
Kowloon West Sub-regional Office	2302 5339
New Territories Regional Office	2302 5373
Kowloon East Sub-regional Office	2302 5310

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